A SHIP CONTRA

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TUESDAY DECEMBER 14, 1897.

OUST THE TRAMPS.

The Richmond public heartily hopes that at the meeting of the Common Council to be held to-night the tramp ordinance will be reported from the committee and passed. We have submitted too easily to the

exactions and impudence of these fellows, and we should close our gates upon them, as so many other cities have done. The way to do this is that proposed by the Young Men's Business Association-to arrest all who solicit alms here and compel them to pay fines, or else be put to hard labor. Let us earnestly trust that there will be no dilly-dallying with this measure and no maudlin sympathy with the vagabonds who are causing so much mischief throughout the land. We have it entirely in our power to drive them away from this city. Few or none will come here if they know they will be subjected to hard labor.

If the Council would please the people let it promptly pass the ordinance as proposed by the Young Men's Business As-

A BOARD OF PARDONS. It seems conceded that at the present

session of the Legislature of Georgia a board of pardons will be created.

Such boards exist in most States, and the necessity for one in Georgia has been keenly felt. Crime has increased there (as elsewhere in the United States) to such an extent that petitions for executive clemency are so numerous that if the Governor has to continue to give them his attention be will have to neglect other important duties.

Two methods are suggested for the creation of the Georgia board. One is that the State Constitution be amended so as to confer upon the board all of the powers and responsibilities in question. The other is to pass a law for the creation of a board to be entrusted with the duty of "suggesting" executive action. By this arrangement the Governor would still be vested with all of his present powers; but it is believed his work would be vastly lightened. This board could examine into the facts of each case and submit to the Governor its findings and recommendations, and then he could pardon or not, as he pleased.

Of course there would be appeals from the board to the Governor, but even if there were an appeal in every case-which would be improbable-still the duties of the Executive would be greatly reduced, because the board would sift the law and the evidence, and save him that trouble. In Virginia this subject has not yet re

ceived the attention it deserves. the time is coming when it will become a question of the first importance. The Governor of Virginia, besides the ordinary duties of a State Executive, is ex-officio a member of many State boards. If he be required to continue to examine and pass upon every application for clemency, the time will surely come when he will have little leisure for any other work-so rapidly is crime increasing; so general has becomthe custom of persons convicted of crime to appeal from the courts to the Execu-

If we would give the Governor of Virginia the greatest possible relief, we should amend the State Constitution and confer upon a board of pardons this entire work. And since the present Legislature seems resolved to propose a series of constitutional amendments, it might be well for it to consider what change in this respect would be desirable.

Any amendment "proposed" by this Legislature would have to be concurred in by the next Legislature before it could be submitted to the people for ratification or rejection. And then if any legislative action were necessary to carry it into practical effect, still another Legislature

would have to be walted for before the change could be made effective. It may be said that few, if any, of our executives have complained of the severfty of the work which the pardoning power imposed upon them. And that may be so, yet all of them have spoken privately of the burdensomeness of it. We may imagine that they have had fome heritation in appealing for relief from labor that was expected of them when they were elected. But the steady fromth of crime in Virginia will surely demand that in the years to come our

Governors should have relief-or at least help. Other States have found it advisable to make the change, and so shall we-if not now, then at a time not very far distant.

THE COLORED INSANE. The annual report of Dr. W. F. Drewry, Superintendent of the Central State Hosfor six months; \$1.50 for three months; pital (colored insane asylum at Petersburg), shows that about 1,072 patients are day. There is a farm attached to the institution, and such patients as are able to work are required to do so, for their

own goed, as well as to help produce sup-

plies for the hospital. We judge from the Doctor's statement that admission to the institution is often sought for persons who are not really insane, and who should be a charge upon the counties and cities, and not upon the State. The average number of applications during the past fiscal year was twenty-seven per month a total of 395. Of these, twenty were denied admission because the commitment papers con-

tained no information indicating insanity, Ten were returned to their homes as not insane; five were in such a hopeless condition that they died within the first day's residence in the hospital; twelve were so inflicted with the infirmities of age that they lived only a few days after admission, and fifty-two of the applicants died. or were released as "cured," before they could be conveyed to the hospital. At the end of the year there were no applications on file at the hospital. And so Dr. Drewry very properly thinks it worthy of special notice "that all of the colored insane in the State are well cared for in a State hospital, supported entirely by public funds."

Dr. Drewry says the statistics of insanity are of such an incomplete and unreliable character that one has to be very cautious in drawing conclusions therefrom. But during the decade the white insane in the State institutions have increased 584, or at the rate of nearly 50 per cent., and the negro 415, or at the rate of nearly 96 per cent. The increase of the entire hospital population was, therefore, 999, or more than 62 per cent.! The general population of the State increased from 1880 to 1890 at the rate of only about 10 per cent. Here, says the report, are some inter-

esting figures regarding the reported increase of insanity among the negroes was converted into an asylum for the col ored insane, only seventy patients were reported. On June 7, 1870, the Central Lunatic Asylum was incorporated as a State institution, but on February 1, 1870. the State had assumed charge of it, and the number of insane inmates at that date was only 123. On March 17, 1885, the hospital was opened here with 373 patients. Thus, there are now six times as many insane negroes accounted for as there were in 1870.

Dr. Drewry says that there is a remedy for the abuse of the hospitals of the State, which were built and are maintained at great public expense "for the exclusive benefit of the insane and for the protection of society," and he That remedy is to be found in the re

ision of the present laws regulating the commitment of the insane. It is to be hoped, both for the sake of the truly inane and in the interest of the public treasury, that the next Legislature will ake up and terminate the work on this line begun by the last Legislature. The principle upon which all persons thought to be insane should be committed should be based on competent medical testimony, protected or fortified by proper legal safeguards. • •

In the beginning of the year we had a balance brought forward of \$18.550.70 During the year we received from the Auditor and all other sources, \$77,684.04. Total, \$96,237.74. We expended \$96,030.90 on account of current expenses for maintenance, etc.; \$15,651.66 was consumed in improvements and repairs. The per capita cost for support, etc., of each patient for the year was, therefore, \$95.86. We have left in bank to our credit and cash on hand, \$206.84.

The report then details the improvements that have been made at the hospital, and represents that additional appropriations for general purposes should be voted for the present year.

Yes; more money is needed for this asylum and for all the others in this State, and right there the Legislature has a grave financial problem to solve. It might do it by taxing each county and city for its per capita share of the expenses of each hospital, but we doubt if it has nerved itself up to that point

have the best of treatment in good asylums, but it is conceded that there are many in the asylums who might as well be cared for in the poor-houses, and thus make room for other patients whose cases would yield to medical treatment. But as the matter now stands our Legislature is called upon to make larger and larger appropriations every year for the care of the insane, while it is trying to see if all other governmental expenses may not be cut down.

The civil-service system will probably be given a hard blow in the Senate this week. Senator Carter has secured for his bill to provide for the preliminary preparations for taking the census of 1900 the right of way, and it seems very likely that the bill will be adopted without much waste of time. We learn from the Washington correspondent of the Baltimore American that the bill is drawn in the spirit of spoils pure and simple. It provides that the superintendent or director of the census shall make his appointments at "his discretion," subject only to such examination as he may prescribe. The Civil-Service Commission is absolutely and purposely ignored. Indeed, the bill distinctly states that the examination shall be such as the Superintendent of the Census shall direct, "and not otherwise." The bill will provide only for the appointment of the Superintendent of the Census, "who will, as soon as practicable after his appointment, report to Congress his plans and method of

carrying out his projects." The census of 1890 cost \$11,500,000, and unundertook to do so much that half of it was never finished. The next census, probably, will be limited to an enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States, their nativity, color, etc., and, possibly, a statistical report of the commerce and manufactures of the country will be added.

Chicago recently, for the first time, the vessel men there say, since the city be came a great harbor. Some of the birds were unwise enough to drink from the Chicago river, and were forthwith made sick, a number of them dying in consequence of their rashness.

The Haitlen Cabinet has resigned, and it is stated that there is considerable resentment in the republic against the United States for not interfering in the Lueders case.

We are not often in accord, with President McKinley, but certainly he was right in not flying off the helve at the bidding of jingoes and getting us into a squabble with Germany over the Lueders incident. Germany's course in settling the matter may have been harsh, but it was in accordance with precedent we have helped to establish ourselves. It did not menace the integrity of the Monroe doctrine, and in that admission is involved the further admission that it was none of our business to put in our oar.

That Haiti should feel resentment in this matter is one of the results of the fingoism in this country that has conveyed to the States covered by our Mon roe doctrine policy a false impression of that policy, and caused them to presum that we will protect them in any misbe havior they may indulge in. The sooner however, these States learn that if they misbehave they must take the conse quences, provided the manner of admin istering the consequences does not in fringe upon the Monroe doctrine, the better it will be for them and for us As for Haiti's resentment, of course, n one cares anything about that,

It is announced that Hon. James B Eustis, formerly United States Senator from Louisiana, later Ambassador to France, and now a practicing lawyer in New York city, has cast in his fortunes with Tammany Hall, and that the leaders of that organization propose to make him chairman of the general committee of Tammany. The announcement is made in connection with the statement that the Tammany chieftains propose to enlarge the scope of their influence, so as to take in the whole country and future presidential contests. The New York Herald says:

"It is proposed, it is said, to place the former Ambassador among the leaders of Tammany to attract the support of the men of the South who are tired of 'pitchfork' statesmanship. The former Inited States Senator from Louisiana has many strong alliances in the South, and as one of Tammany's delegates to the next national convention, he would rally to the support of the Tiger many south ern delegates who look upon the Wigwam as the haven of the unholy in politics.
"Mr. Croker, with characteristic shrewd-

ess, has recognized the fact that Mr. Eustis is strong with the Irish-American vote because of the prominent part he played in the rejection by the Senate of the treaty of arbitration with Great Britain. He realizes that Mr. Eustis, too, could attract to the Wigwam the support of many men who have been with the Cleveland wing of the party, for the for mer Ambassador is popular with that element, and he did not lose that popu larity when, disagreeing with Mr. Cleve land over a question of party policy, he took the floor and vigorously assailed President Cleveland."

If all the above be true, there is, doubt less, truth also in the whisper that Mr. Eustis is to be honored with an important post in the Greater New York administration-that of corporation counsel, for ex-

The New York Evening Post says that the Dingley deficit is not without its in direct advantages, for the reason that as "an instrument of chastening, its effect upon the Republican party is already anparent and gratifying."

We fear that the Post is inclined to be entirely too optimistic. The only way to chasten effectually the Republican party is to break its neck with a Democratic

Professor Brooks, of Smith Observatory, reports a group of spots on the sun. which are visible to the naked eye through smoked glass, and may be well defined with small telescopes. It is only a small disturbance, as it were-about 100,000

They are lighting up the country roads in the vicinity of Brooklyn with electricity to such an extent that the farmer residents of the region expect to be able sooner or later to farm by night as well as by day.

It is understood that Great Britain will not oppose Germany's plans in China. provided Germany will not interfere with Britain's little grab of Egypt. Such is the boasted diplomacy of the Old World.

It doesn't look as if the effort to abolish Santa Claus had made any progress toward success thus far.

Nevertheless and notwithstanding, Mr. Bryan did not have to go to Mexico to be a hero.

KING WILLIAM JUDGESHIP.

The Action of the County Democratic Committee-Resolutions.

A meeting of the Democratic County Committee of King William county, Va., was held at the court-house of said county. In pursuance of a call, made by the county chairman of the Democratic party of said county, at the request of Isaac Diggs, member of the House, and Hon. M. H. Barnes, senator repre senting said county in the General Assembly.

On motion, B. C. Garrett was elected secretary, and a paper from Judge O. O. Gwathmey was read, by consent of the committee

On motion of Colonel W. R. Aylett, Mr. Coalter was invited in, and the paper from Judge Gwathmey was again read. On motion of Dr. D. Gregory, Judge Gwathmey was invited into the meeting to hear Mr. Coalter's reply to Judge Gwathmey's paper. Mr. Coalter replied

in an address before the committee The following was then offered by Dr. D. Gregory, and seconded by Mr. Nat Garrett and Colonel William R. Aylett: Whereas, just before the convening of the Legislature, Hon. Isaac Diggs wrote to Roger Gregory, Jr., chairman of Democratic Committee of King William county, requesting him to convene the committee for the purpose of deciding who is the choice of the Democrats of said county for county judge; and whereas the said Hon. Isaac Diggs did, at King William Courthouse, on last November William Courthouse, on last November court-day, publicly state that he held two letters, one from Judge O. O. Gwathmey and the other from Mr. H. St. J. Coalter, in which they stated that they were willing to abide the action of the committee; and whereas the said Hon. Isaac Diggs did then and there emphatically declare that he would vote for the man for Judge for whom the committee told him to vote, as they (the committee) were elected by the people; and whereas the committee did, on that day and at that place, in meeting assembled, instruct the said Hon. Isaac Diggs, by a two Gwathmey; and whereas there is now before the Legislature a petition, signed by the county chairman and nine of the twelve committeemen, asking that Judge O. O. Gwathmey succeed himself as Judge of King William county; and whereas we are firmly of the opinion that a primary of King William county; and whereas we ate firmly of the opinion that a primary at this time would work untold lujury to the Democratic party of the county, by greatly incressing the bitter feeling already aroused by the agitation of this question; and whereas we still hold to

and contend for the old Democratic prin-ciple, that "the majority should rule": therefore, be it

Resolved, That we members of the Democratic Committee of King William Democratic Committee of King William county, in meeting assembled, do respectfully decline to order a primary, as requested by our representative in the Legislature, the Hon. Isaac Diggs; but that we most respectfully request the said Hon. Isaac Diggs to vote, as he declared he would do, for the choice of the Democrats of the county, as expressed by the Democratic Committee of said county. On motion to produce the letter from Mr. Coalter to Mr. Diggs, submitting his

Mr. Coalter to Mr. Diggs, submitting his claim to the County Committee, Mr. claim to the County Committee, Mr. Coalter appeared, and not having with him the letter or copy of such letter, was permitted to make a statement to the committee, in which he repeated the conresolution offered by Dr. D. Gregory. The following recorded vote was then taken as to the adoption of said resolution: Mangohick Precinct-W. D. Sweet, No; V. R. Campbell, by W. D. Sweet, his proxy, No. Beulahville Precinct-J. A. Torrant, by B. C. Garrett, his proxy, Yea; R. L. McGeorge, by B. C. Garrett, his proxy, Yea. Manquin Pre-cinct-W. R. Aylett, Yea; W. T. Abrahams, No. Laneaville Precinct-William M. Gary, No; W. C. Dillard, by W. T. Neale, his proxy, No. Courthouse Pre-cinct-Dr. D. Gregory, Yea; Nat Garret West Point Precinct-R. J. Palmer, by B. C. Garrett, his proxy, Yea; J. L. Bland, by B. C. Garrett, his proxy, Yea. Yeas, 7; noes, 5.

A motion was passed directing the sec

retary of this committee meeting to send a copy of these proceedings to Hons. Isaac Diggs and M. H. Barnes, and a copy to the Richmond Dispatch, The secretary was directed to keep in his possession the minutes of this meet

On motion, the committee adjourned. ROGER GREGORY, Jr., Chairman, B. C. Garrett, Secretary.

"A Tax-Payer" on the D. D. & B. I. (Staunton News.)

51-4 pounds Granulated Sugar for...
Light-Brown Sugar, per pound...
Large Irish Potatoes, peck....
Quart-cans Cooked Hominy...
New Citron, pound...
New London Layer Raisins, 3
pounds for...
New Mixed Nuts, 3 pounds for...
Home-Made Jelly...
Floating Tollet Soap, 2 for...
3 lbs. New English Walnuts for...
New Cleaned Currants, pound... A communication in Thursday's Rich-mond Dispatch from "A Tax-Payer," of Staunton, makes a suggestion toward saving some of the State's money which would be a good one if the facts were exactly as "A Tax-Payer" supposes; but they are not.

He refers to the change made by the

last Legislature in the law governing the D. D. & B. I., whereby "every child New Cleaned Currants, pound
Fresh Oyster Crackers and Cracker
Dust, per pound
Orange County Creamery Butter,
finest on the market, per pound.
Imported Switzer Cheese, pound.
3-pound can Apple Butter for.
New Raisins
New Currants
New Figs, 4 pounds for.
Virginia Apple Brandy, per gal.
Large 4-String Brooms
Large cans Pineapple
Large cans Pineapple
Black Enamel Stove Polish for.
Genuine Timothy Hay, per cwt.
New Prunes, per pound.
California Hams, per pound.
New Seedless Raisins, per pound.
New Seedless Raisins, per pound.
Sounds Vashiths Soda for who now attends the school receives his washing, tuition, books, medical attendance, and all other incidental expenses of the school-room free of charge. Pupils are also clothed by the institution. where their parents will furnish satisfactory evidence of their inability to do so." "A Tax-Payer" is perfectly willing that children of indigent parents shall receive all these gratuities; but he thinks State has lost already \$2,000 by repealing the former law, which nominally required parents to pay \$150 tuition who were able

Now, the fact is, according to the statement of the Superintendent, that it has been a great many years since any payments were made under the old law, the pupils coming, with rare exceptions, from parents who made oath to inability to were able to pay, nothing was ever colwas thought best by the Legislature to make tuition, board, etc., free to all in law, as it had for some time been in

In theory, "A Tax-Payer" is right: but when it comes to practical application, very little seems practical along the lines

Fires in the Woods.

(Pocahontas Register.) The Pulaski News-Review recommends he passage of a bill by the State Legislature, making it a penal offence to ret fire to wooded portions of mountains, We second the motion to making such a There is absolutely no good to com from these fires, while they produce bad and injurious effects to game and growing timber, and sometimes make the butt-ends of some of our large and beautiful moun tains, during the fall season, look like the back walls of hades.

Thinking of Space.

(New York World.) Welfixt: I kin read your thoughts, Miss Nancy, Miss Nancy (coyly): Then what makes you set so far away. Deacon?

(Detroit Journal.) Professor: In time, we hope, man's ingenuity will devise a glass strong enough to enable us to discern life upon the planet Mars. Student: Yes, but will the human stomach be able to retain it?

Putting It Indirectly.

(Indianapolis Journal.) Inski: Look here; is it you that has been circulating the report that I hadn't washed my face in seven years? Sinski: No. All I said was that it a mosquito wanted to tackle you he'd have to carry a shovel.

An Excellent Substitute.

(Pittsburg Chronicle.)
"The riots in the Austrian Reichsrath "The riots in the Australia Vienness to are attracting a great many Vienness to see the fun," remarked Squildig, "Why not?" retorted McSwilligen, "The sessions make an excellent substitute for foot-ball games."

Play Building.

(Philadelphia North American.) Theatrical Manager: This play, "Lend le Five Shillings," isn't up-to-date nough for me

Assistant: What shall we do? Manager: Americanize it; bring it down to modern times, and call it, "Lend Me a

Can He See the Point? (Cleveland Leader.)

"I see that a Chicago street-railroad magnate has bought a newspaper of his

That so? He'll probably put on cars enough to make it possible for every pasenger to have a seat." "People can't hang on to straps and

read at the same time."

Take Care. (Tom Hall in Munsey's Magazine.) Love is a gambler, Watch him with care, The roistering rambler Will anything dare.

He'll play with a beggar, He'll sport with a king, A fortune he'll wager,

fortune he'll wager, Gold-fame-anything. Waich the cards—cease your chiding, He's false—you'll believe When I tell you he's hiding The hearts up his sleeve!

itching, burning, bleeding, sealy, and pimply humors, instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT.



NOW IS THE TIME

to make your Christmas pur-

Save You 25 Per Cent on

GROCERIES

S. ULLMAN'S SON'S

READ BELOW.

LOW PRICES IN EVERY DEPART-MENT. 51-4 pounds Granulated Sugar Ior.. 25

New Cleaned Currents, pound Fresh Oyster Crackers and Cracker

or dozen

3 pounds Washing Soda for Four-String Brooms
Best Sugar Corn, per can
Sour Pickles, per gallon
City Mills Shipstuff, per cwt.
White Beans, quart
New Green Peas, quart
2 bars Octagon-Shape Soap for.
10-pound pail Home-Made Preserves
New Buckwheat, pound
Sweet Oranges, per dozen.
New Layer Figs, per pound.
New Cranbecries, quart
String Beans, per can
Carolina Rice, per pound
Chow-Chow or Mixed Pickles, per
quart

quart boxes Jefferson Washing Powders

for
New Shelled Almonds, per pound.
Large Lump Starch, per pound...
Jefferson Laundry Soap, per bar...
3 pounds Palm Nuts for.
Nice Brown Sugar, per pound...
Best Vanilla Syrup, per gallon
Blacking Brushes

Best Vanilla Syrup, per gallon
Blacking Brushes
Lima Beans, per pound
New Imported Sour Krout, quart.
New Pecans, 3 pounds for
New Lemon and Orange Peel, lb.
Sweet Country Citer, per gallon.
Fine Dried Peaches, per pound.
Pigs' Feet, per pound
Silver King Minnesota Patent
Family Flour, barrel

or sack
Try our new Snowflake Patent
Family Flour; it's best sold, barrel.

or sack
Large Cans Table Peaches, 3 for...
Quart cans Maple Syrup
Large Cocoanut
New Virginia Comb Honey, pound.

Large cans California Peaches, per

can
Can Table Peaches
New Beans and Peas, quart.....
We have a house full of bargains,

S. ULLMAN'S SON.

1820 AND 1822 EAST MAIN STREET, Up-Town Store, 506 east Marshall. Phone 316. 'Phone 35

It will pay you to call for our complete

A. Hutzler's Sons.

315 East Broad Street.

We have given up a large portion of

our ground floor to the display of Holi-

day Goods-the useful as well as the orna-

cover how best to meet the expectations

of friends without doing violence to a

BISQUE FIGURES AND ORNA-MENTS. DRESDEN AND TIPLITZ VASES.

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has been stocked with a special view of meeting the demands of Illustrated Books, charmingly written and well bound. Raphael Tuck's Works, in great variety, together with innumerable selections from the best writers, suitable for boys and girls.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

Imperial All-Wool Serges, 36 inches

Royal All-Wool Serges, 45 inches wide,

Victoria All-Wool Serges, 50 inches wide,

Clay Diagonal Serges, 50 inches wide,

Imported Granite Cloth, worth 75c., at

German Henriettas, 45 inches wide, the importer's price is 80c.; we sell at 50c.

We have a supply of Sample Garments, in Black only, which we can sell at 35 per cent, less than manufacturer's price— new wor!

PLAID AND ROMAN SILKS.

The regular \$1 line now 75c.
Black Peau de Soie, worth \$1.25, for \$1.
Black Taffeta, 24 inches wide, at 75c.
27-inch Colored and White Chinas, 65c.
rade. for 50c.

LINENS AND WHITE GOODS

72-inch Half-Bleached Table Linen at 50c, 72-inch Bleached Table Linens at 50,

5c., and \$1. 63-inch Turkey-Red Damask (imported)

All of the above lines are below value. Hemstitched Cloths and Napkins in full

ariety.
3-4 Linen Napkins at \$1 and upwards.
Frinzed Doilies at 50c. and upward.
CARPETS AND MATTINGS

will not again be sold at present prices. We invite an inspection of our lines. RUGS, RUGS.

Imported 30-inch Jute Rugs, intended to sell at \$2.50, for \$1.25.

Japanese Gobelin Rugs, 36-inch size, value \$2.50, for \$1.25.

These are unusual values.

(dol4-Tu4-Th)

CIGARETTE MACHINE.

A GENERAL INVITATION IS EX-tended to witness a public exhibition of the HILGARTNER-WALKER CIGAR-ETTE-MACHINE on the 15th, 16th, and 17th instant, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock, at Asa Snyder & Co.'s, 1008 Gary street.

Black Poplin, 80c. quality, for 55c.

LADIES' WRAPS.

We offer a few suggestions

mental.

other useful articles.

'Tis a study with many to dis-

convinced.

Just simply a pure extract of prime beef-that's LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT. Highly concentrated. No adulteration. Be sure you get the genuine with blue signature and avoid disappointment with inferior and imitation sorts.

Cook Book showing many delicious ways of using it, sent free to housekeepers. Ad-dress Liebig Co., P. O. Box 2718, New York.

LIEBIG (OMPANYS EXTRACT or BEEF.

chases. All new goods and desire to call attention to their sold real cheap. Read and be most attractive SILVER GOODS. PRESENTS. DIAMONDS,

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SILVERWARE

SAM'L KIRK & SON CO.

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S. C. WEISIGER, Secretary and Treasurer.



SLIPPERS, from \$1.50 to \$3.50—all Arst-class goods, made right, easy, very soft. They do the giver proud; they make the recipient happy. Limit on wear from 13 to 20 years.

J. A. GRIGG SHOE CO., 121 East Broad Street.



Billiard. Pool, and Pigeon-Hole Tables, New, Remodelled, and Second-Hand (all makes).
Lowest prices, Easy terms. Dean's Billiard and Pool-Table Cushions, the Livest, Quick-Est and Truest in the world. All kinds Billiard and Pool-Table supplies. Best grades Cloth, \$8.50, \$10.50 and \$12.50, for both Bed and Rails; Cues, \$2.75, \$3.50, \$4.50 and \$6 per dozen and upwards; best Cue Tips, \$5c, per box of 100, assorted sizes; fancy stripe Pool Balls, \$8.50 to \$12.50 per set. The Dean Pool Balls, \$8.50 to \$12.50 per set. The Dean Pool Balls, \$8.50 to \$12.50 per set. Best Billiard Chalk, 75c, per gross; Red Leathers, 40c, per set; green Pool-Table Pockets, with fringe, \$1.50 and \$2 per set. Dean's Fancy Leather Pockets will outlast three sets of any other kind—\$2.25 per set, with fringe.

Tables overhauled and Bagatelle Tables, Bar Fixtures, Beer-Drawing outfits. Billiard Tables made into Pool or Combination Tables. Bowling Balls and Ten Pins. My Billiard and Pool Tables are not surpassed by any other make for accuracy and perfection.

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ceased ... Defendants.
(Extract from decree entered November 18, 1877.)

**On consideration whereof the Court doth adjudge, order, and decree that this cause is hereby referred to William C. Preston, who is hereby appointed a special commissioner for the purpose of executing this decree, who shall make the following enquiries and state the following accounts, and report the same to the court, with any matter specially stated deemed pertinent by himself, or which any party interested may require to have so stated:

First. An account of all the liens existing upon the real estate of the defendant, B. Taylor McCue, situated in Henrico county, Va., on the eastern side of Brook turnpike, about one mile from Richmond, containing 28 acres, more or less, described in the bill, and which was conveyed to W. J. Leake and F. M. Woon, trustees, as set forth in the bill, together with the amounts of such debts, to whom coming, and their respective priorities.

Second. An account of the debts and demands due and secured by said deed of trust from B. Taylor McCue and wife to William J. Leake and F. M. Woon, trustees, dated December 15, 1893, referred to insthe bill, reporting specially the amount of each and the proof upon which such debts rest, and the validity thereof, and the present owner of such debts.

Third, What amount is due to the defendant, N. W. Bowe, under and by reason of any deeds of trust upon the said trust trust deed to Leake and Woon, trustees.

Fourth, What is the annual and fee

Fourth. What is the annual and fer value of the said real estate mensimple value of the said real estate mentioned above.

Fifth. The said commissioner is directed to report specially whether the debt attempted to be secured by said deed to Leake and Woon, trustees, to Mrs. Saille P. McCue is a valid and subsisting debt, and the facts in regard thereto.

Exforc the said special commissioners.

and the facts in regard thereto.

Before the said special commissioner shall execute this decree he shall first give notice of the time and place fixed on by him for so doing by publishing same once a week for four successive weeks in some newspaper published in the city of Richmond, which notice, so published, shall be equivalent to a personal service thereof on all the parties to this suit.

Law Offices of William C. Preston,
Nos. 4 and 6 Goddin Hall.
Richmond, Va., November 22, 1887.
To the Parties to the Above Sult and all
Other Persons Interested:
Take notice, that I have fixed on DECEMBER 22, 1887, at Il o'clock A. M., as
the time, and my offices aforesaid as the
place, for executing the enquiries directed
by the decree of which the foregoing is an
extract. WILLIAM C. PRESTON.
Leake & Carter, p. q.
Edmund Waddill, Jr., p. d. no 23-Tulw

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